

Network Development

Kempley Parish Council

14 November 2024



nationalgrid

The energy landscape is changing at an unprecedented rate to meet decarbonisation targets

- By 2050 annual electricity demand is expected to **double from 286TWh in 2022 to 726 TWh*** this will be driven by demand from low-carbon technologies (LCTs) like EVs and heat-pumps
- To meet increasing demand and achieve decarbonisation of the power sector by 2035, a number of significant reforms are taking place across the sector:
 - Formation of **Distribution System Operators (DSOs)** to maximise capacity in the network today and forecast the network required in the future
 - Formation of National Energy System Operator (NESO) and introduction of national and regional strategic planning (Regional Energy Strategic Plans (RESP))
 - Connections reform across transmission and distribution networks
 - Planning reform to speed up connections and new infrastructure build



Distribution System Operator

Strategically planning and investing in our network for net zero

Emily Taylor – Strategic Engagement Officer

Investing in our network

Strategic Investment Process



Forecasting



Network Impact
Assessment



Optioneering



The Distribution Future
Energy Scenarios (DFES)
identify how customers will
use our network in future

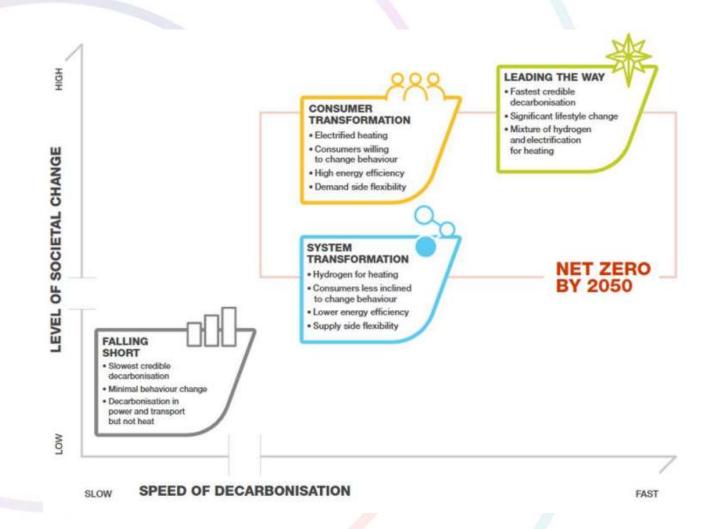
The Network Development
Plan (NDP) uses forecasts
to analyse and identify future
network constraints

The Distribution Network
Options Assessment
(DNOA) outlines how we plan
to invest in our network to
solve constraints

What is DFES?

The Distribution Future Energy Scenarios (DFES) outline a range of credible futures for connections to the distribution network.

- We work with Regen to undertake the DFES analysis out to 2050 in all four licence area annually
- Bottom up process
- The ESO FES scenarios are used as the overarching scenario framework for the DFES
- This is consistent across all DSOs



What is DFES?

DFES are scenario-based projections of new load expected to connect to our network as the UK transitions to net zero.

This covers a range of demand and generation technologies:

- New housing developments
- Renewable Generation
- Hydrogen electrolysis
- LCTs (heating, transport)
- Decarbonisation activities of major energy users

Using a range of input sources and analysis:

- Local authorities' local development plans
- Stakeholder Engagement
- Local Area Energy Plans
- Census data
- Geospatial analysis:
 - Renewable energy resources
 - Building stock
 - Socio-demographics
- Connections pipeline analysis

Reconcilliation

between FES

and DFES

February

DFES annual cycle?



Local

Authorities

questionnaire

Scenarios

publication

(July)

Scenarios and

methodology

published on

our website

Dymock Primary area

Dymock Primary

What does the Network Development Plan account for in the next 10 years:

- 162 new domestic dwellings
- 967 heat pumps
- 2,597 registered Electric Vehicles
- Over 4 MW of additional generation and energy storage projected to connect to our network

edbury Longdon Much Marete Newent

National Grid - Distributed Future Energy Scenarios



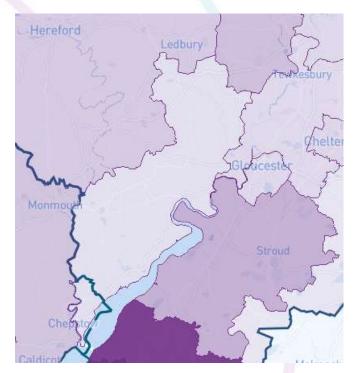


Forest of Dean

What does this Network Development Plan account for in the next 10 years:

- 6,486 new domestic dwellings
- Nearly 9,000 more Heat Pumps
- Nearly 20,000 registered Electric Vehicles, with 76.4MW installed capacity for charging
- 116 hectares of new industrial and commercial floorspace
- Over 150 MW of additional generation and energy storage projected to connect to our network

National Grid – Distributed Future Energy Scenarios





Scan to access the webpage



Network Development Plan

What is it?

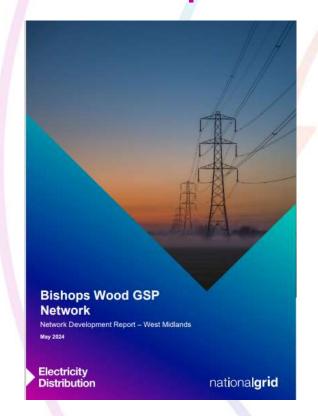
- Condition of the Electricity Distribution Licence (25B), which we are required to publish every 2
 years
- The latest plans were published on 1st May 2024 and are available on our website
- The Network Development Plan assesses the future suitability of the primary distribution network for continuing to deliver for customers under credible future energy scenarios across the next 10 years
- Future constraints on the network are identified by overlaying the DFES projections on our network models and different solutions to the constraints are proposed

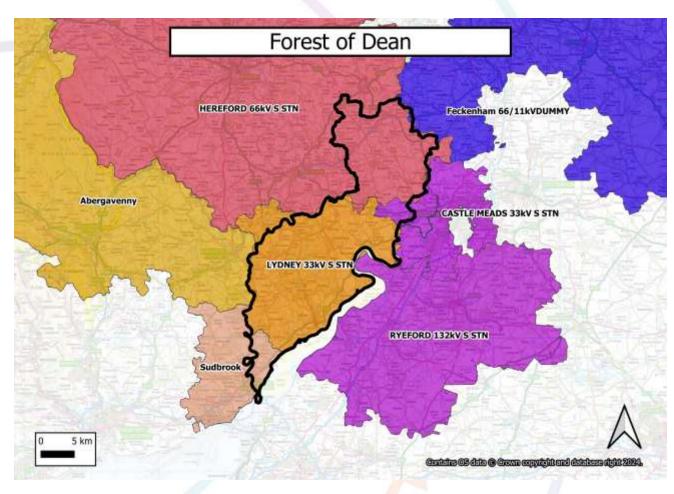




Kempley Parish Council

Network Development Plan





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National Grid - Network Development Plan



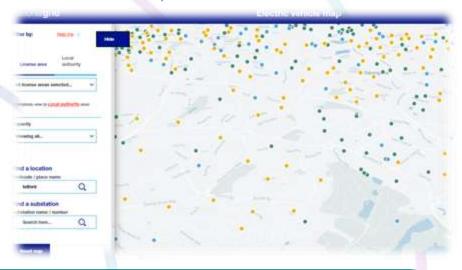
What about the here and now

- Primary and Secondary Network Design
- Major projects
- New connections
- But anyone can see our network capacity

Network Capacity Map

- High voltage
- This shows our network capability to connect largescale developments to major substations
- You can explore network capacity for both demand and generation.





EV Capacity Map

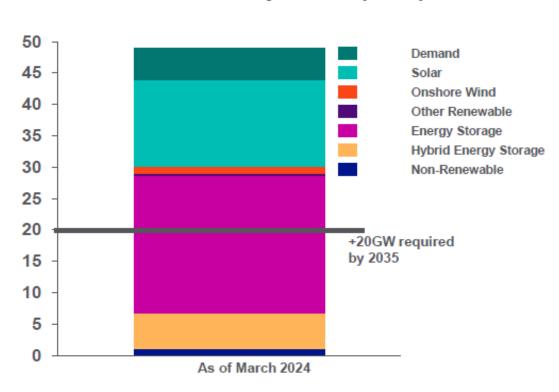
- Low voltage
- Shows capacity
 available on our network
 to support the
 connection of Low
 Carbon Technologies
 such as electric vehicles
 and heat pumps.



Connecting generation

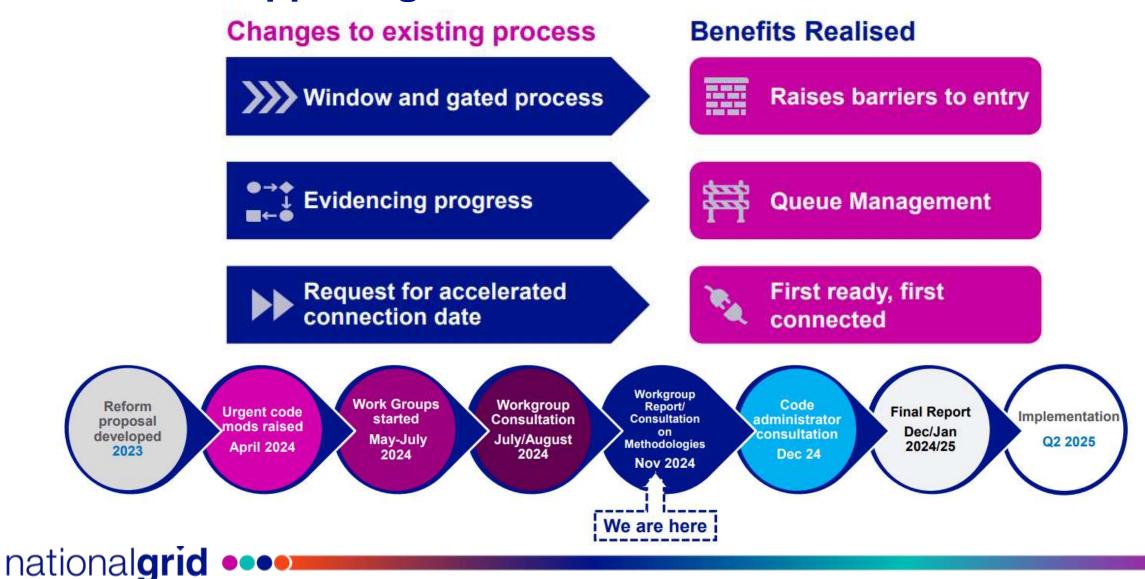
The NGED connections pipeline is larger than ever, at around 49GW - over double the amount needed by 2035

Current NGED Pipeline (GW)



- Applications to connect to our network have increased by 900% in the last 5 years
- We have already connected 12GW of generation to our network
- Last year we connected 97% more large-scale distributed generation schemes than the year before

So what is happening – connections reform



National Energy System Operator (NESO) Criteria - Project Designation Criteria

Projects may be prioritised ahead of others in the queue if designated:

- Critical to Security of Supply relating to Dx & Tx
- 2 Critical to System Operation significant gen, networks, SCADA, balancing services, cyber security
- 3 Materially reduce system and/or network constraints
- 4 Technologies and / or highly innovative (not in CP30)
- Very long lead times



Questions



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